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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/836,214	04/18/2001	Peter T. Dinsmore	NAI1P089/00.175.01	6427
28875 Zilka-Kotab, P	7590 02/09/2009 <b>°C</b>		EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 7211	.20	LAFORGIA, CHRISTIAN A		
SAN JOSE, CA	A 95172-1120		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2439	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/09/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/836,2	4	DINSMORE ET AL.				
		Examine		Art Unit				
		Christian		2439				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica or Reply	ation appears on the	e cover sheet with the d	correspondence ad	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR EHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI asions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community to the to reply is specified above, the maximum statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will eply received by the Office later than three months after adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ILING DATE OF TH 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ev ication. tory period will apply and w I, by statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 23 January 200	9					
·	•	)⊠ This action is r						
′=		<b>'—</b>		nsecution as to the	e merits is			
٥/١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	·	andor Ex parto Qu	ay,0, 1000 0. <b>5</b> . 11, 10	50 O.G. 210.				
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🛛	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-15,19-21,41-45 and 48-50</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>13-15,19-21,41-45 and 48-50</u>	) is/are rejected.						
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	• ,						
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election r	equirement					
٥/١	are earlier to receive	511 G11G, 51 G1GGGG111	oquii omio					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the I	Examiner.						
-	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 September 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
<i>,</i> —	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
			-		FR 1 121(d)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
The first caut of declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action of John F 10-192.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
Attachment  1) Notic  2) Notic  3) Inforr			4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after a pre-appeal request. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 23 January 2009 has been entered.
- 2. Claims 13-15, 19-21, 41-45 and 48-50 have been presented for examination.
- 3. Claims 1-12, 16-18, 22-40, 46, and 47 have been cancelled as per Applicant's amendment.

# Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 23 January 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 5. It appears that the Applicant has failed to address the Examiner's rejection that the claimed invention was publicly used more than one year prior to the filing of the patent application, thereby creating a statutory bar. The Applicant is required to address this rejection in response to this Office Action or face receiving a non-responsive amendment for failing to address all the rejections set forth.
- 6. The Applicant renews their arguments that Balenson does not specifically teach wherein the determining uses a function having the following properties: (1) knowledge of said updated first key does not give knowledge of said first key or said second key, (2) knowledge of said first key does not give any knowledge of said updated first key, and (3) knowledge of said first key

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and said updated first key does not give any knowledge of said second key on pages 6-8. The Examiner has afforded the limitation very little patentable weight since wherein clauses in method claims are not given weight when they simply express the intended result of a process step positively recited. See *Texas Instruments Inc. v. U.S. International Trade Commission*, 988 F.2d 1165 (Fed. Cir. 1993). In this case the wherein clause merely expresses properties that result from the determining step. In other words, the properties disclosed in the wherein clause do not provide any information regarding the mechanics of how the determining step is executed. See *Minton v. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.*, 67 USPQ2d 1614, 1620 (Fed. Cir. 2003). See also MPEP § 2111.04. Since very little patentable weight is given to the wherein clauses in both independent claims 13 and 43, the rejection is maintained, albeit clarified below which provides for the present non-final rejection.

7. Furthermore, in regards to the Applicant's arguments on pages 6 and 7 that Balenson does not specifically teach wherein the determining uses a function having the following properties: (1) knowledge of said updated first key does not give knowledge of said first key or said second key, (2) knowledge of said first key does not give any knowledge of said updated first key, and (3) knowledge of said first key and said updated first key does not give any knowledge of said second key, the Applicant never states that the properties are not for the collusion resistance and merely argues that the reference is not as specific as the claim language. This amounts to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references, especially since the applicant never says that the properties are not for collusion

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resistance. Therefore, even if the "wherein" clause is afforded patentable weight, the reference still provides a teaching of the claimed properties.

- 8. The Applicant further argues that the prior art does not disclose the amended claim limitations in independent claims 13 and 43. The Examiner disagrees. The limitation recites wherein said updated first key is equal to F(first key, second key), wherein F() is a one-way function. The Examiner refers the Applicant to pages 10 and 11, figures 2 and 3, respectively, which disclose  $k_i = f(k'_x, k'_y)$  in a one-way function tree. Since DCCM discloses the newly added limitation in at least Figures 2 and 3, the rejection is maintained.
- 9. See further rejections set forth below.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

10. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

11. Claims 13-15, 19-21, 41, and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as not falling within one of the four statutory categories of invention. While the claims recite a series of steps or acts to be performed, a statutory "process" under 35 U.S.C. 101 must (1) be tied to particular machine, or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or material) to a different state or thing. See page 10 of *In Re Bilski* 88 USPQ2d 1385. The instant claims are neither positively tied to a particular machine that accomplishes the claimed method steps nor transform underlying subject matter, and therefore do not qualify as a statutory process. The key updating method including steps of updating a key based on a user eviction is broad enough that the claim could be completely performed mentally, verbally or without a machine nor is any transformation apparent.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 12. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 13. Claims 13-15, 19-21, 41-45 and 48-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) based upon a public use or sale of the invention. The Examiner holds that the invention of the instant application was publicly used more than one year prior to the Applicant's filing for invention, as can be seen by **Dynamic Cryptographic Context Management (DCCM): Report #1 Architecture and System Design**, which was first published on 02 June 1998. See MPEP § 2133.03(a).
- 14. Claims 13-15, 19-21, 41-45 and 48-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by **Dynamic Cryptographic Context Management (DCCM): Report #1 Architecture and System Design**, by David M. Balenson et al., hereinafter Balenson.
- 15. As per claims 13 and 43, Balenson teaches apparatus and an environment that includes a plurality of users, wherein a first user possesses a set of keys, said set of keys including a first key that enables secure communication among a set of sets, said set of users including at least said first user and a second user, a keying method, comprising:
- (a) upon eviction of at least said second user (pages 49, 115, 117), determining an updated first key using information that includes said first key and a second key (page 10, i.e. one-way function tree the keys are computed up, so in Figure 2 the keys for 1 and 2 are used to compute the key for D), wherein said second key enables secure communication among a

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subgroup of said set of users (page 1), wherein said subgroup does not include users subject to said eviction (Figure 4, pages 18, 20);

wherein said determining uses a function having the following properties: (1) knowledge of said updated first key does not give knowledge of said first key or said second key, (2) knowledge of said first key does not give any knowledge of said updated first key, and (3) knowledge of said first key and said updated first key does not give any knowledge of said second key (pages 34, 47, 54, 99, i.e. backward secrecy, forward secrecy, and prevent collusion, respectively);

wherein said updated first key is equal to F(first key, second key) (page 11, Figure 3, i.e.  $k_i = f(k'_x, k'_y)$ ), wherein F() is a one-way function (page 10, Figure 2, i.e. one-way function tree). The Examiner has given very little patentable weight to the "wherein said determining..." it does not inform of any mechanics involved in the determining function; even if the Examiner has erred in his determination of whether the "wherein" clause should be afforded patentable weight, he has provided a showing of the properties as backward secrecy, forward secrecy, and collusion-resistance. See MPEP § 2111.04.

- 16. With regards to claims 14, 15, 44, and 45, Balenson teaches wherein said updating occurs upon an eviction event, wherein only said second user or the second user and one or more other users are evicted (page 115, Figure 29).
- 17. With regards to claim 41, Balenson teaches wherein said determining uses a one-way function (page 10, Figure 2, i.e. one-way function tree).

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18. Regarding claims 19 and 48, Balenson teaches wherein said determining uses only said first key and said second key (page 10, Figure 2, i.e. binary trees only account for two child nodes).

19. Regarding claims 20, 21, 49, and 50, Balenson teaches wherein said subgroup includes only said first user or a plurality of users (Figure 4, pages 18, 20).

### Conclusion

- 20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christian LaForgia whose telephone number is (571)272-3792. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday 7-5.
- 21. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kambiz Zand can be reached on (571) 272-3811. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
- 22. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Christian LaForgia/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2439

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